

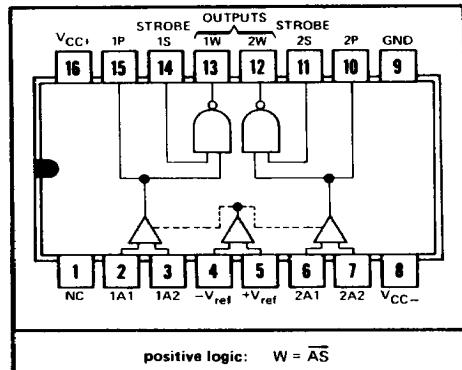
# TYPES SN75238, SN75239

## DUAL SENSE AMPLIFIERS WITH PREAMPLIFIER TEST POINTS

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS	OUTPUT	
A	S	W
H	H	L
L	X	H
X	L	H

J OR N  
DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



### definition of logic levels

INPUT	H	L	X
A1	$V_{ID} \geq V_T \text{ max}$	$V_{ID} < V_T \text{ min}$	Irrelevant
S	$V_I \geq V_{IH} \text{ min}$	$V_I \leq V_{IL} \text{ max}$	Irrelevant

<sup>†</sup>A is a differential voltage ( $V_{ID}$ ) between A1 and A2. For these circuits,  $V_{ID}$  is considered positive regardless of which terminal is positive with respect to the other.

### electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted $V_{CC+} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	TEST FIGURE	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
			SN75238	SN75239	SN75238	SN75239
$V_T$ Differential-input threshold voltage (see Note 3)	28	$V_{ref} = 15 \text{ mV}$	11	15	19	mV
			8	15	22	
$V_{ICF}$ Common-mode input firing voltage (see Note 4)	none	$V_{ref} = 40 \text{ mV}$ , $V_{I(S)} = V_{IH}$ Common-Mode Input Pulse: $t_f \leq 15 \text{ ns}$ , $t_f \leq 15 \text{ ns}$ , $t_W = 50 \text{ ns}$	36	40	44	V
			33	40	47	
$I_{IB}$ Differential-input bias current	2	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{ID} = 0$	30			$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IO}$ Differential-input offset current	2	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{ID} = 0$	0.5			$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{IH}$ High-level input voltage (strobe inputs)	29		2			V
$V_{IL}$ Low-level input voltage (strobe inputs)	29			0.8		V
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	29	$V_{CC+} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -4.75 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$	2.4	4		V
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	29	$V_{CC+} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -4.75 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$	0.25	0.4		V
$I_{IH}$ (strobe inputs)	30	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	40			$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IH} = 5.25 \text{ V}$	1			mA
$I_{IL}$ (strobe inputs)	30	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	-1	-1.6		mA
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current	31	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$	-2.1	-3.5		mA
$I_{CC+}$ Supply current from $V_{CC+}$	6	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	25	40		mA
$I_{CC-}$ Supply current from $V_{CC-}$	6	$V_{CC+} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CC-} = -5.25 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-15	-20		mA

‡All typical values are at  $V_{CC+} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC-} = -5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

NOTES: 3. The differential-input threshold voltage ( $V_T$ ) is defined as the d-c differential-input voltage ( $V_{ID}$ ) required to force the output of the sense amplifier to the logic gate threshold voltage level.

4. Common-mode input firing voltage is the minimum common-mode voltage that will exceed the dynamic range of the input at the specified conditions and cause the logic output to switch. The specified common-mode input signal is applied with a strobe-enable pulse present.